

Development

→ What development promises:-
{ Different people different goals }

• What is Development?

The betterment of anything is called Development

• Different peoples can have different developmental goals.

• What may be development for one may not be development for the other. It may even be destructive for the other.

Such as :- If you want to build dams is good because it provides electricity etc. but it is destructive for the tribals who live on there.

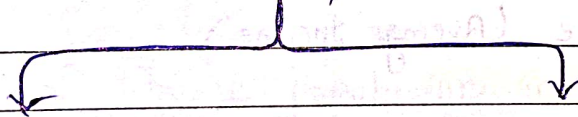
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→ { Income and other goals }



Everybody wants more Income (Money)

Goals



Materialistic

(that can be bought
by money)

Such as, Car, Fridge, clothes etc.

Non-Materialistic

(that cannot be bought
by money)

Such as:- Equality, Security
Respect, Freedom etc.

- Money is not enough for development infact for proper development people look at on both materialistic goals as well as non materialistic goals.

→ { National Development }

- Different people could have different notions toward national development as well as conflicting.
- The ability of the country to improve the living standard of its citizens is called National development.

Such as: Education, Employment, Health care, Public Facilities etc.

→ { How to Compare different countries and states? }

- How to know if a country is developed or underdeveloped?

For Comparing Countries income is considered to be one of the most important attributes.

- Per Capita Income (Average Income)

The average income earned per person in a specific year.

$$\frac{\text{Total income}}{\text{Total population}} = \text{Per capita income}$$

- World development Report (2017)

- i) Countries with per capita income of $\text{US } \$ \overset{49,300}{12,056}$ — Rich
- ii) Countries with per capita income of $\text{US } \$ \overset{2500}{955}$ or less — Poor
- iii) Per capita income of India is $\overset{6700}{\$ 4820}$ per annum — Low middle
- iv) The rich countries are generally called ~~rich countries~~ developed countries (except countries of Middle East and certain other small countries)

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→ Income and other Criteria

| State | Per capita income | Infant Mortality Rate | Literacy Rate | Net Attendance Ratio |
|---------|--|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Haryana | $\text{₹ } \overset{2,36,147}{1,80,174}$ | 30 | 82 | 61 |
| Kerala | $\text{₹ } \overset{2,04,105}{1,63,445}$ | 70 | 94 | 83 |
| Bihar | $\text{₹ } \overset{49,982}{34,109}$ | 32 | 62 | 43 |

- **Infant Mortality Rate:-**
 It indicates the number of children that die before the age of 1 year as per thousand live children in that particular year.
- **Literacy Rate:-**
 The proportion of literate population in the 7-and-above age group.
- **Net attendance Ratio:-**
 The total no. of children of age group 14 and 15 years attending school as a percentage of total no. of children in the same age group.

We can observe from the above table that Haryana is only has high per capita income but Kerala has low infant mortality rate, higher literacy rate and higher Net attendance Ratio.

- It means development not only depends on the per capita income it can be also depends on Health and Education facilities.

→ {Public Facilities}

Public facility are those basic facility which are provided to all citizens by the government for their well being and overall development.

Such as Education, Health, Security and Food etc.

- In some states Public Distribution System (PDS) functions well.
- that people should get good heat health and nutrition.

→ {Body Mass Index (BMI)}

BMI is a the criteria which used to find out whether a person is nourished, undernourished or overweighted.

- How to find BMI

$$\frac{\text{Weight (kg)}}{\text{Height (m)}^2}$$

- BMI less than 18 - Undernourished.

• BMI **More than 25** - Over weighted

• BMI **Between 18 and 25** - Nourished

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→ { United Nation Development Programme (UNDP) }

↓
Human Development Report.

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Comparing countries based on
income, education and health

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Human Development Index (HDI)

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It ranks the countries on the
basis of their development.

• India occupies **131 rank** on the basis of **development**.

→ Sustainability of Development

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Sustainability of Development means Development
should be done but **without harming the environm-
ent** which makes difficulties for future generations.

Such as? **Ground water** or **Crude oil.**